1 Preamble

To use Fortinet SSL-VPN according to this guide you need:

- a working Internet connection on your computer (e.g. via WLAN) and
- an account at the CMS or at the Institute for Computer Science, Mathematics or Physics

2 Installation

For the distributions Ubuntu, Debian, Fedora, CentOS, openSUSE, Arch Linux, Gentoo, NixOS and Solus the package openfortivpn is available. This is how you can install it:

Ubuntu/Debian:

```
sudo apt install openfortivpn
```

Fedora:

```
sudo dnf install openfortivpn
```

openSUSE:

```
sudo zypper install openfortivpn
```

Arch Linux:

```
sudo pacman -S openfortivpn
```

If there is no package available for your system, you have to build one. There is a manual for it.
3 Configuration

Please use a text editor of your choice (vim, nano, gedit, etc.) to create the file “hu-berlin” under /etc/openfortivpn/ with the following content:

```plaintext
host = forti-ssl.vpn.hu-berlin.de
port = 443
trusted-cert = 42193a913d276d9eb86217612956e1e6464d6f07bed5393a4787c87adc4bd359
username = <HU-Account>
```

4 Establish Fortinet SSL-VPN connection

Now you can start the VPN connection from a terminal window as follows

```plaintext
sudo openfortivpn -c /etc/openfortivpn/hu-berlin
```

If openfortivpn should also be used for non-sudo users, please add openfortivpn to /etc/sudoers/.

```plaintext
visudo -f /etc/sudoers.d/openfortivpn
```